



**Gilt Edge Toad Lily**  
*Tricyrtis formosana 'Gilt Edge'*

Height: 24 inches

Spread: 18 inches

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 4b

Other Names: Toadlily

**Ornamental Features**

Gilt Edge Toad Lily has purple orchid-like flowers with white overtones and deep purple spots at the ends of the stems from early to mid fall, which are interesting on close inspection. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its attractive heart-shaped leaves remain green in color with showy yellow variegation throughout the season.

**Landscape Attributes**

Gilt Edge Toad Lily is an open herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spreading

Gilt Edge Toad Lily is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

**Planting & Growing**

Gilt Edge Toad Lily will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 18 inches. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 15 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!



*Gilt Edge Toad Lily flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in both summer and winter to conserve soil moisture and protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.